FTC Application #1

The rate at which people enter an auditorium for a rock concert is modeled by the function R given by $R(t) = 1380t^2 - 675t^3$ for $0 \le t \le 2$ hours; $R(t)$ is measured in people per hour. No one is in the auditorium at time $t = 0$, when the doors open. The doors close and the concert begins at time $t = 2$.

(a) How many people are in the auditorium when the concert begins?

(b) Find the time when the rate at which people enter the auditorium is a maximum. Justify your answer.

FTC Application #2

The rate at which people enter an amusement park on a given day is modeled by the function E defined by

$$E(t) = \frac{15600}{\left(t^2 - 24t + 160\right)}.$$

The rate at which people leave the same amusement park on the same day is modeled by the function L defined by

$$L(t) = \frac{9890}{\left(t^2 - 38t + 370\right)}.$$

Both $E(t)$ and $L(t)$ are measured in people per hour and time t is measured in hours after midnight. These functions are valid for $9 \le t \le 23$, the hours during which the park is open. At time $t = 9$, there are no people in the park.

(a) How many people have entered the park by 5:00 P.M. ($t = 17$)? Round answer to the nearest whole number.

(b) The price of admission to the park is $15 until 5:00 P.M. ($t = 17$). After 5:00 P.M., the price of admission to the park is $11. How many dollars are collected from admissions to the park on the given day? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.

(c) Let $H(t) = \int_9^t (E(x) - L(x))\, dx$ for $9 \le t \le 23$. The value of $H(17)$ to the nearest whole number is 3725. Find the value of $H'(17)$ and explain the meaning of $H(17)$ and $H'(17)$ in the context of the park.

(d) At what time t, for $9 \le t \le 23$, does the model predict that the number of people in the park is a maximum?